## What is Claimed is:

## 1. A compound represented by the formula:

$$R_{2a} \longrightarrow R_{4}$$

$$R_{1a} \longrightarrow R_{5}$$

$$R_{5}$$

$$R_{5}$$

or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof,

wherein, in the formula (Ia),  $R_{1a}$ ,  $R_{2a}$ , 5 R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> represent, each independently, hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl that may be substituted, lower alkenyl that may be substituted, lower alkynyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkenyl that may be substituted, cycloalkynyl that 10 may be substituted, aryl that may be substituted, heterocyclic group that may be substituted, hydroxy, alkoxy that may be substituted, aryloxy that may be substituted, heterocyclic oxy that may be substituted, acyl that may be substituted, monosubstituted 15 carbonyloxy that may be substituted, carbamoyl that may be substituted, diazo, amidino that may be substituted, azido, nitroso, nitro, amino that may be substituted, imino that may be substituted, cyano, mercapto, monosubstituted thio that may be substituted, 20 monosubstituted thioxy that may be substituted, monosubstituted sulfinyl that may be substituted, monosubstituted sulfonyl that may be substituted,

sulfo, or trisubstituted silyl, and any combinations of  $R_{1a}$ ,  $R_{2a}$ ,  $R_{3}$ - $R_{5}$  may together form a ring structure; provided that the following (i)-(x) are excluded:

(i) a compound, wherein  $R_{1a}$  is hydrogen, OH, lower alkyl, cycloalkyl having a carbon number of 3-8, halogenated lower alkyl, or phenyl;

30 R<sub>2a</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkoxy, halogen, lower alkyl, cycloalkyl having a carbon number of 3-8, lower alkoxycarbonyl lower alkyl, carboxyl, carboxy lower alkyl, -CONHR6 (R6: hydrogen; phenyl that may have a halogen atom, or lower alkyl), 35 cyano; phenyl that may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxyl group, halogen atom, lower alkyl group, lower alkoxy and phenylthio group; phenyl lower alkyl group that may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl group 40 and lower alkoxy group on the phenyl ring; lower alkanoyloxy lower alkyl; benzoyl group; lower alkanoyl group that may have halogen atom; or hydroxy lower alkyl group that may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a phenyl group and halogen

 $$R_{3}$$  is hydrogen, or OH;  $$R_{4}$$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, or halogenated lower alkyl;

 $R_5$  is

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atom;

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and

 $$R_{6}$$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or lower alkoxy;

(ii) a compound, wherein  $R_{1a}$  and  $R_{2a}$  are, 55 each independently, hydrogen, halogen, CN, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, amino, alkylamino, or (substituted) phenyl; and

 $R_3$  is (substituted) aryl, or

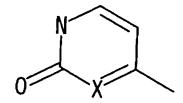
60 (substituted) heteroaryl;

 $\mbox{(iii) a compound, wherein $R_{1a}$ is} $$ \mbox{hydrogen, (substituted) lower alkyl, cycloalkyl,} $$ thienyl, furyl, lower alkenyl, or (substituted) phenyl;$ 

 $R_{2a}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and  $R_3$  is amino that may be substituted;

(iv) a compound, wherein  $R_{1a}$  is hydrogen, alkyl, OH, O-alkyl, halo, amino, or nitro;

 $R_{2a}$  is



70 wherein X is CH or N, and the nitrogen atom on the  $R_{2a}$  ring may be substituted; and

 $$R_{3}$$  and  $$R_{5}$$  are, each independently, hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, halo, OH, or heterocyclyl;

75 (v) a compound, wherein  $R_{1a}$  is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, OH, halo,  $NO_2$ , or  $NH_2$ ;

 $R_{2a}$  is hydrogen, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, (substituted) alkenyl, (substituted) aryl,

80 (substituted) heterocyclyl, alkoxy-NRR, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>, or (substituted) heteroaryl;

 $$R_{3}$$  and  $$R_{4}$$  are, each independently, hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, OH, halo, amino, or nitro; and

R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, (substituted) heterocyclyl, halo, OH, or (substituted) heteroaryl;

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 $\mbox{(vi) a compound, wherein $R_{2a}$ is} \\ \mbox{substituted acetyl, or heterocyclic-substituted lower} \\ \mbox{alkylene or lower alkenylene; and} \\$ 

 $R_3$  is phenyl that may be substituted;  $(\mbox{vii}) \mbox{ a compound, wherein } R_{1a} \mbox{ and } R_{2a} \mbox{ are }$  each independently, hydrogen, halogen, (substituted)  $\mbox{alkyl, (substituted) alkenyl, (substituted) aryl, }$ 

95 (substituted) aralkyl, (substituted) heterocyclic group, or together form an alkylene group; and

 $R_3$  is amino that may be substituted;

 $\mbox{(viii) a compound, wherein $R_{1a}$ is} \\ \mbox{hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, (alkyl)amino,} \\ \mbox{(alkyl)} \\ \mbox{(alkyl)}$ 

100 aryl, or heteroaryl;

 $$R_{2a}$$  is hydrogen, alkyl, halogen, cyano, hydroxy, or alkoxy;

 $$R_{3}$$  is amino that may be substituted, or alkoxy that may be substituted; and

105  $R_5$  is aryl;

(ix)  $R_{1a}$  is lower alkyl that is substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of carboxy, lower alkoxycarboxy, and substituted carbamoyl;

110 R<sub>2a</sub> is hydrogen;

 $$R_{3}$$  is phenylcarbonylamino, wherein said phenyl group may be substituted; and

R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen;

(x) (2, 5-dimethyl-pyrazolo-[1, 5-a]-

115 pyrimidine-7-yl) succinic acid;

wherein the undefined substituents in the compounds (i)-(x) represent any substituents.

- $\begin{tabular}{lll} 2. & The compound of claim 1, wherein either \\ one of $R_{1a}$ and $R_{2a}$ is hydrogen, and the other one is \\ carbamoyl that may be substituted. \\ \end{tabular}$
- 3. The compound of claim 1, represented by the formula:

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{3}$$

$$R_{4}$$

$$R_{5}$$

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wherein, in the formula (I),

 $R_1$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, amino that may be substituted, or aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted; and

10 R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkyl that may be substituted, lower alkoxy that may be substituted, aryl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, aryloxy lower alkyl that may be substituted, lower alkylsulfonyl that may be substituted, arylsulfonyl that may be substituted, heteroaryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, heterocyclic group lower alkyl that may be substituted, or amino that may be substituted;

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$  together with the adjacent N atom may form a heterocycle that may be substituted;

 $$R_{3}$$  is hydrogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen, or amino that may be substituted;

 $R_4$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or aryl that may be substituted; and

R<sub>5</sub> is hydroxy, lower alkyl that may be substituted, aryl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkyl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkenyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkenyl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkynyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkynyl that may be substituted, aryl carbonyl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkyl carbonyl that may be substituted, heterocyclic group that may be substituted, halogen, CHO, amino that may be substituted, or imino that may be substituted; provided that a compound represented by the following formula is excluded:

$$R_{2}$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{5}$ 
 $R_{5}$ 

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wherein, in the formula (I'),  $R_2$ ' is hydrogen, phenyl that may be substituted with lower alkyl or halogen;  $R_3$ ' is hydrogen or hydroxy;  $R_4$ ' is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and  $R_5$ ' is phenyl having phenylthio group that may further be substituted with lower alkyl or lower alkoxy.

4. The compound of claim 3 represented by the formula:

$$R_2$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 

wherein, in the formula (I-1), each substituent is defined above.

- 5. The compound of claim 3 or 4, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_1$  is hydrogen; and  $R_2$  is aryl that may be substituted.
- 6. The compound of claim 3 or 4, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_3$  is hydrogen, or amino that may be substituted.
- 7. The compound of claim 3 or 4, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_4$  is hydrogen.
- 8. The compound of claim 3 or 4, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_5$  is aryl that may be substituted.
- 9. The compound of claim 3 or 4, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_1$  is hydrogen;  $R_2$  is phenyl that may

be substituted;  $R_3$  is hydrogen, or amino that may be substituted;  $R_4$  is hydrogen; and  $R_5$  is phenyl that may be substituted.

pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein the substituent on the phenyl in R<sub>2</sub> that may be substituted is one or more selected from the group consisting of heterocyclic group that may be substituted, lower alkyl carbonyl, cycloalkyl, lower alkyl, amino that may be substituted, halogen, halogenated lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, carboxy lower alkyloxy, heterocyclic group lower alkyloxy, amino lower alkyl, hydroxy, cyano, carbamoyl-heterocyclic group-oxy, cyano lower alkyl, and phenyl.

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- 11. The compound of claim 10, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_2$  is heterocyclic group phenyl that may be substituted.
- 12. The compound of claim 10, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_2$  is piperazino phenyl that may be substituted, piperizino phenyl that may be substituted, or pyrrolidino phenyl that may be substituted.
- 13. The compound of claim 9, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein the substituent on the phenyl in  $R_5$  that may be substituted is one or more selected from the group consisting of halogen, halogenated lower alkyl, aryl lower alkyloxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkylthio, phenyl, phenyl lower alkylthio, phenyl lower alkylthio, phenyl

lower alkenyl, phenyl carbamoyl, amino, cycloalkyl lower alkyloxy, and heteroaryl lower alkyloxy.

- 14. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising the compound of any one of claims 1-13.
- 15. A NAD(P)H oxydase inhibitor, comprising the compound of any one of claims 1-13.
- 16. A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for NAD(P)H-related diseases, comprising the compound of any one of claims 1-13.
- 17. The prophylactic or therapeutic agent of claim 16, wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of inflammation, pulmonary circulation disorders, ischemic heart disease, cerebral circulation disorders, arteriosclerosis, diabetic complications, hypertension, and proliferative disorders.

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- 18. The prophylactic or therapeutic agent of claim 16, wherein said disease is brain infarction or diabetic retinal disorder.
- 19. A NAD(P)H oxydase inhibitor, comprising a compound represented by the formula (Ia):

$$R_{2a} \longrightarrow R_{4}$$

$$R_{1a} \longrightarrow R_{5}$$

$$R_{5}$$

$$R_{1a} \longrightarrow R_{4}$$

$$R_{5} \longrightarrow R_{4}$$

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wherein, in the formula,  $R_{1a}$ ,  $R_{2a}$ ,  $R_3-R_5$ represent, each independently, hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl that may be substituted, lower alkenyl that may be substituted, lower alkynyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkenyl that 10 may be substituted, cycloalkynyl that may be substituted, aryl that may be substituted, heterocyclic group that may be substituted, hydroxy, alkoxy that may be substituted, aryloxy that may be substituted, heterocyclic oxy that may be substituted, acyl that may 15 be substituted, monosubstituted carbonyloxy that may be substituted, carbamoyl that may be substituted, diazo, amidino that may be substituted, azido, nitroso, nitro, amino that may be substituted, imino that may be 20 substituted, cyano, mercapto, monosubstituted thio that may be substituted, monosubstituted thioxy that may be substituted, monosubstituted sulfinyl that may be substituted, monosubstituted sulfonyl that may be substituted, sulfo, or trisubstituted silyl, and any 25 combinations of  $R_{1a}$ ,  $R_{2a}$ ,  $R_3-R_5$  may together form a ring structure.

20. A NAD(P)H oxydase inhibitor, comprising a compound represented by the formula (I):

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{3}$$

$$R_{4}$$

$$R_{5}$$

$$R_{5}$$

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or

wherein, in the formula,

 $$R_1$$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, amino that may be substituted, or aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted; and

10 R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkyl that may be substituted, lower alkoxy that may be substituted, aryl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, aryloxy lower alkyl that may be substituted, lower alkylsulfonyl that may be substituted, arylsulfonyl that may be substituted, heteroaryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, heterocyclic group lower alkyl that may be substituted, or amino that may be substituted;

 $$R_1$$  and  $$R_2$$  together with adjacent N atom may form a heterocycle that may be substituted;

 $$R_{3}$$  is hydrogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen, or amino that may be substituted;

 $R_4$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or aryl that may be substituted; and

R<sub>5</sub> is hydroxy, lower alkyl that may be substituted, aryl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkyl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkenyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkenyl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkynyl that may be substituted, cycloalkyl lower alkynyl that may be substituted, aryl carbonyl that may be substituted, aryl lower alkyl that may be substituted, heterocyclic group that may be substituted, halogen, CHO, amino that may be substituted, or imino that may be substituted.

- 21. A method of preventing or treating NAD(P)H-related diseases, comprising administering the compound of any one of claims 1-20 to an animal including human.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of inflammation, pulmonary circulation disorders, ischemic heart disease, cerebral circulation disorders, arteriosclerosis, diabetic complications, hypertension, and proliferative disorders.
- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein said disease is brain infarction or diabetic retinal disorder.

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24. A use of the compound of any one of claims 1-20 for the manufacture of pharmaceuticals employed for preventing or treating NAD(P)H-related diseases.

- 25. The use of claim 24, wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of inflammation, pulmonary circulation disorders, ischemic heart disease, cerebral circulation disorders, arteriosclerosis, diabetic complications, hypertension, and proliferative disorders.
  - 26. The use of claim 24, wherein said disease is brain infarction or diabetic retinal disorder.

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- 27. The compound of claim 1, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_{1a}$  is carbamoyl that may be substituted.
- 28. The compound of claim 1, or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein  $R_{1a}$  is carbamoyl that may be substituted, and  $R_{2a}$  is hydrogen.
- 29. A medicament, comprising the compound of claims 27 or 28.
- 30. A NAD(P)H oxydase inhibitor, comprising the compound of claims 27 or 28.